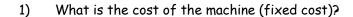
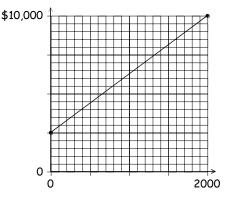
Answers must be clearly **legible**, **simplified** and **boxed** or **circled**. Unless otherwise stated write answer as an **exact** integer, fraction or use **two** decimal accuracy. **Units** required where appropriate.

Questions 1 - 10 refer to the following graph and data.

A company buys a machine to produce souvenirs. The plot shows their *production cost.* x = qty, y = dollars.



2) Once the machine is paid for, what does it cost to produce each item (variable cost)?



- 3) Write the equation for the net <u>production cost</u> (including the machine). This is your <u>Cost</u> equation. Enter it in  $Y_1$  to check.
- 4) Suppose the items are sold for \$15 each. What would the <u>revenue</u> equation be?

Use the following data and the TI's linear regression feature to answer the following questions.

5) As price goes up, demand will drop. Considering Selling Price vs. # Sold, which should be the dependent variable?

| Selling<br>Price | \$20 | \$22.50 | \$25 |
|------------------|------|---------|------|
| # Sold           | 1524 | 1248    | 1010 |

- 6) Use the TI to find an equation for # Sold as a function of Selling Price. Write it here and save in  $Y_2$ .
- 7) According to the regression equation, what selling price will generate 2000 souvenirs sold?
- 8) According to the regression equation, what selling price will generate zero souvenirs sold?
- 9) According to the regression equation, if the selling price is set to \$15 how many will be sold?
- 10) If the selling price is set to \$15, using #9's result, what will be the company's net profit?