

Mth 95 Review Activity for Exam 2

"Whatever you are, be a good one." --- Abraham Lincoln

1. Solve the following equations **by hand**. For quadratic equations, you may factor, take square roots, or use the quadratic formula to solve. Show your work and **simplify**.

a) $12 - 7(2x - 5) = 3(3x + 7)$

b) $2 \frac{3x + 8}{5} + \frac{5x}{2} = \frac{3x + 4}{5} + 8$

c) Solve for y: $a(y - 7) = by + cx^2$

d) $(x - 2)^2 = 9$

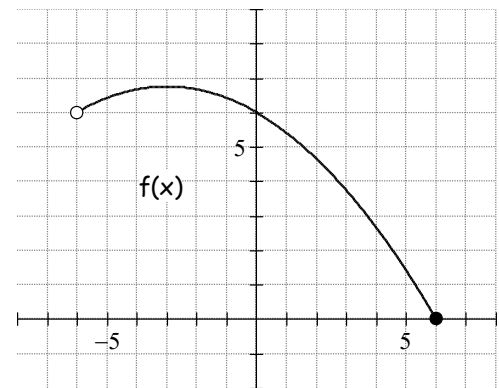
e) $3x^2 + 2x = 2$

f) $(2x - 5)(x + 8) = 0$

g) $3(2x - 5)(4x + 3) = 18 - 6x(3 - 2x)$

h) Solve for t: $H = -\frac{1}{2} g t^2 + v_0 t + h_0$

2. State whether the graph represents a function. If it is a function, state the domain.



(a) $f(0) =$ (b) $f(-6) =$ (c) $f(6) =$

(d) $f(x) = 6, x =$

3. Find the value of the function, $f(x) = -4x - 5$, at each given input.

a) $f(-2) =$ b) $f(0) =$ c) $f(b) =$ $f(x + h) =$

4. Let $f(x) = 2x^2 + x$ and $g(x) = x^2 + 2$. Determine the following combination of functions.

a) $(f + g)(x) =$ b) $(f - g)(x) =$ c) $(fg)(x) =$

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"Whatever you are, be a good one." --- Abraham Lincoln

1. Solve the following equations **by hand**. For quadratic equations, you may factor, take square roots, or use the quadratic formula to solve. Show your work and **simplify**.

a) $12 - 7(2x - 5) = 3(3x + 7)$ $x = 26/23$

b) $2 \frac{3x+8}{5} + \frac{5x}{2} = \frac{3x+4}{5} + 8$ $x = 56/31$

c) Solve for y: $a(y - 7) = by + cx^2$ $y = \frac{7a + cx^2}{a - b}$

d) $(x - 2)^2 = 9$ $x = 2 \pm 3$ or $x = 5, -1$

e) $3x^2 + 2x = 2$ $\frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{7}}{3}$

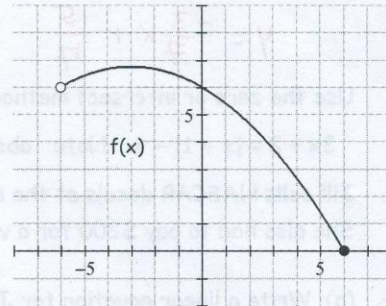
f) $(2x - 5)(x + 8) = 0$ $x = -8, 5/2$

g) $3(2x - 5)(4x + 3) = 18 - 6x(3 - 2x)$ $x = 3/2, -3/2, 4x^2 - 8x - 21 = 0$

h) Solve for t: $H = -\frac{1}{2}gt^2 + v_0t + h_0$ $-\frac{1}{2}gt^2 + v_0t + h_0 - H = 0$ $t = \frac{v_0 \pm \sqrt{v_0^2 + 2g(h_0 - H)}}{g}$

2. State whether the graph represents a function. If it is a function, state the domain.

fcn (passed VLT) $D: -6 < x \leq 6$



- 3) (a) $f(0) = 6$ (b) $f(-6) = \emptyset$ (c) $f(6) = 0$
 (d) $f(x) = 6, x = 0$

3. Find the value of the function, $f(x) = -4x - 5$, at each given input.

a) $f(-2) = 3$ b) $f(0) = -5$ c) $f(b) = -4b - 5$ $f(x+h) = -4(x+h) - 5$

4. Let $f(x) = 2x^2 + x$ and $g(x) = x^2 + 2$. Determine the following combination of functions.

a) $(f + g)(x) = 3x^2 + x + 2$ b) $(f - g)(x) = x^2 + x - 2$ c) $(fg)(x) = (2x^2 + x)(x^2 + 2) = 2x^4 + x^3 + 4x^2 + 2x$

5. Let $f(x) = 5 - x$ and $g(x) = 2x + 3$. Determine the following values.

a) $(f - g)(-3) = 11$

b) $(fg)(4) = 11$

6. Two positive numbers have their product as 78. One number is seven more than the other. Let $x =$ number 1, $y =$ number 2. Write a pair of equations for this scenario. Solve the equations to determine the two numbers.

$$xy = 78, y = x + 7 \quad x(x+7) = 78 \quad x = 6, y = 13$$

7. The length of a rectangle is three times the width. The area is 147 square centimeters. Let $L =$ length, $y =$ width. Write a pair of equations for this scenario. Solve the equations to determine the length and width of the rectangle.

$$L = 3y, Ly = 147 \quad 3y \cdot y = 147 \quad y = 7, L = 21$$

9. One leg of a right triangle is twice the length of the other leg. The hypotenuse is 15 feet. Let $a =$ leg 1 & $b =$ leg 2. Recall the Pythagorean Theorem ($a^2 + b^2 = c^2$). Write an equation(s) for this scenario. Solve the equation(s) to find the length of the two legs. Write your answers exactly (using a simplified radical).

$$a = 2b, a^2 + b^2 = 15^2 \quad (2b)^2 + b^2 = 225 \quad b = \sqrt{45} = 3\sqrt{5}, a = 6\sqrt{5}$$

10. Determine the equation of the line that passes through the points $(5, 0)$ and $(-2, 3)$. Write your answer in slope intercept form.

$$y = -\frac{3}{7}x + \frac{15}{7}$$

11. Use the zero or intersect method on your calculator to solve the following equation.

$$3x + 2 = |x + 1| - 4 \quad \text{Note: absolute value on the TI is abs().} \quad x = -1.75 = -\frac{7}{4}$$

12. Jill sells NASCAR decals at the race track for \$2.50 ea. She obtains them for \$0.75 ea. She also had to pay \$200 for a vendor license. Let $x =$ # of decals.

(a) Write a linear equation for Jill's Expenses. $E = 0.75x + 200$

(b) Write a linear equation for Jill's Revenues. $R = 2.50x$

(c) Write a linear equation for Jill's Profits. $P = R - E = 2.50x - [0.75x + 200] = 1.75x - 200$

(d) How many decals must Jill sell to breakeven? ~ 115 decals

(e) If Jill buys and sells 1000 decals what is her profit? \$1550

(f) If Jill wants to make a \$1000 profit, how many decals must she buy/sell? ~ 686 decals